

Review Questions for Exam 11

Algebra 2

1. Express $\sqrt{18} + 5\sqrt{2}$ in simplest radical form.

- 1. $8\sqrt{2}$
 - 2. $2\sqrt{2}$
 - 3. $6\sqrt{3}$
 - 4. $6\sqrt{18}$
- $\sqrt{9}\sqrt{2} = 3\sqrt{2} + 5\sqrt{2} = 8\sqrt{2}$

2. The expression $\sqrt{18} + \sqrt{32}$ is equivalent to

1. $2\sqrt{7}$

2. $5\sqrt{2}$

3. $7\sqrt{2}$

4. $13\sqrt{2}$

$$\sqrt{9}\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{16}\sqrt{2}$$

$$= 3\sqrt{2} + 4\sqrt{2}$$

$$= 7\sqrt{2}$$

3. What is the sum of $4\sqrt{12}$ and $2\sqrt{27}$ in simplest form?

1. $5\sqrt{3}$

2. $6\sqrt{39}$

3. $11\sqrt{3}$

4. $14\sqrt{3}$

$$= 4\sqrt{4\sqrt{3}} + 2\sqrt{9\sqrt{3}}$$

$$= 8\sqrt{3} + 6\sqrt{3} = 14\sqrt{3}$$

4. The expression $\frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{2-\sqrt{3}}$ is equivalent to

1. $11\sqrt{3}$
2. $7-4\sqrt{3}$
3. $7+4\sqrt{3}$
4. $\frac{7+4\sqrt{3}}{7}$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{(2+\sqrt{3})(2+\sqrt{3})}{(2-\sqrt{3})(2+\sqrt{3})} &= \frac{4+2\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}+3}{4+2\sqrt{3}-2\sqrt{3}-3} \\ &= \frac{7+4\sqrt{3}}{1} \end{aligned}$$

5. The expression $\frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{3}-1}$ is equal to

1. -1

2. 2

3. $2 + \sqrt{3}$

4. $5 + \sqrt{3}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(\sqrt{3}+1)(\sqrt{3}+1)}{(\sqrt{3}-1)(\sqrt{3}+1)} \\ &= \frac{3 + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3} + 1}{3 + \cancel{\sqrt{3}} - \cancel{\sqrt{3}} - 1} = \frac{\cancel{4} + 2\sqrt{3}}{\cancel{2}} \\ &= 2 + \sqrt{3} \end{aligned}$$

6. Express $\frac{5}{4 - \sqrt{13}}$ as an equivalent fraction with a rational denominator.

1. $20 + 5\sqrt{13}$

2. $20 - 5\sqrt{13}$

3. $\frac{20 + 5\sqrt{13}}{3}$

4. $\frac{20 + 5\sqrt{13}}{29}$

$$\frac{5(4 + \sqrt{13})}{(4 - \sqrt{13})(4 + \sqrt{13})} \rightarrow \text{conjugate pair}$$

(Note: In the original image, the 4 and 13 in the denominator are circled and labeled as the conjugate pair.)

$$16 + \cancel{4\sqrt{13}} - \cancel{4\sqrt{13}} - 13 = 3$$

$$\frac{20 + 5\sqrt{13}}{3}$$

7. If $x > 0$, the expression $(\sqrt{x})(\sqrt{2x})$ is equivalent to

1. $\sqrt{2x}$

2. $2x$

3. $x^2\sqrt{2}$

4. $x\sqrt{2}$

$$= \sqrt{2x^2} = x\sqrt{2}$$

8. Simplify: $\sqrt{50r^2s^4}$

1. $5rs^2\sqrt{2}$ $= \sqrt{25 \cdot 2 \cdot r^2 \cdot s^2 s^2}$

2. $25rs$

3. $5\sqrt{2} + rs^2 = 5rs^2\sqrt{2}$

4. $5rs^2$

9. If $a > 0$, then $\sqrt{9a^2 + 16a^2}$ equals

- 1. $\sqrt{7a}$
 - 2. $5\sqrt{a}$
 - 3. $5a$
 - 4. $7a$
- $= \sqrt{25a^2}$
- $= 5a$

10. Which expression is equivalent to $\frac{(\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{2})}{(\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{2})}$

1. $\frac{9}{5}$

2. -1

3. $\frac{9 + 2\sqrt{14}}{5}$

4. $\frac{11 + \sqrt{2}}{14}$

$$= \frac{7 + \sqrt{14} + \sqrt{14} + 2}{7 + \cancel{\sqrt{14}} - \cancel{\sqrt{14}} - 2} = \frac{9 + 2\sqrt{14}}{5}$$

11. Simplify the expression: $\sqrt{5}(\sqrt{10} + 2\sqrt{5})$

1. $10 + 5\sqrt{2}$

2. $5 + 10\sqrt{2}$

3. $15\sqrt{2}$

4. $\sqrt{15} + 2\sqrt{10}$

$$= \sqrt{50} + 2\sqrt{25}$$

$$= \sqrt{25 \cdot 2} + 2 \cdot 5$$

$$= 5\sqrt{2} + 10$$

12. Simplify the expression: $3\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{2})$

1. $3\sqrt{3} - 12 = 3\sqrt{12} - 6\sqrt{4}$

2. $3\sqrt{3} + 12$

3. $6\sqrt{3} - 12 = 3 \cdot 2\sqrt{3} - 12$

4. $6\sqrt{3} + 12$

$= 6\sqrt{3} - 12$

13. Simplify the expression: $\sqrt{8}(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{18})$

1. $4\sqrt{10}$

2. 16

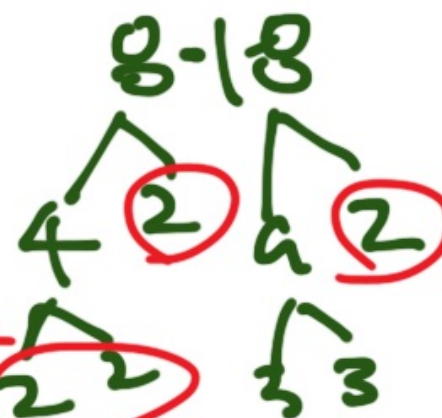
3. $16\sqrt{2}$

4. $4 + 3\sqrt{2}$

$$= \sqrt{16} + \sqrt{8 \cdot 18}$$

$$= 4 + \sqrt{2^2 \cdot 2^2 \cdot 3^2}$$

$$= 4 + 12 = 16$$



14. Simplify the expression: $\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{8})$

1. $\sqrt{18} + \sqrt{24}$

2. $\sqrt{36}$

3. 6

4. $3\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{6}$

$$= \sqrt{18} + \sqrt{24}$$

$$= \sqrt{9 \cdot 2} + \sqrt{4 \cdot 6}$$

$$= 3\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{6}$$

15. Simplify the expression: $2\sqrt{y}(\sqrt{8y^2} + \sqrt{6})$

$$1. \quad 4y\sqrt{2y} + 12\sqrt{y} \quad = 2\sqrt{8y^3} + 2\sqrt{6y}$$

$$2. \quad 2y\sqrt{2y} - 2\sqrt{6y} \quad = 2\sqrt{4 \cdot 2 \cdot y^2 y} + 2\sqrt{6y}$$

$$3. \quad 4y\sqrt{2y} + 2\sqrt{6y}$$

$$4. \quad 2y\sqrt{-4y} \quad = 4y\sqrt{2y} + 2\sqrt{6y}$$

16. Simplify the expression: $\sqrt{x^2y}(2x\sqrt{y} - 3\sqrt{x^2y})$

1. $-x^2y$

2. x^2y

3. $-5x^2y$

4. $-6x^4y^2$

$$= 2x\sqrt{x^2y^2} - 3\sqrt{x^4y^2}$$

$$= 2x \times y - 3x^2y$$

$$= 2x^2y - 3x^2y = -x^2y$$

17. Simplify the expression: $(2 + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{2} - 4)$

1. $-6 + 2\sqrt{2}$

2. $-6 - 2\sqrt{2}$

3. $6 + 2\sqrt{2}$

4. $6 - 2\sqrt{2}$

$$= 2\sqrt{2} - 8 + 2 - 4\sqrt{2}$$

$$= -6 - 2\sqrt{2}$$

18. Simplify the expression: $(4\sqrt{3} - 2)^2$

1. $8\sqrt{3}$

2. $-8\sqrt{3}$

3. $52 - 16\sqrt{3}$

4. $52 + 16\sqrt{3}$

$$= (4\sqrt{3} - 2)(4\sqrt{3} - 2)$$

$$= \underline{16 \cdot 3} - \underline{8\sqrt{3}} - \underline{8\sqrt{3}} + \underline{4}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{52 - 16\sqrt{3}}}$$

19. Simplify the expression: $(3 + \sqrt{5})^2$

1. $14 + 6\sqrt{5}$
2. $14 - \sqrt{5}$
3. 14
4. 4

$$= (3 + \sqrt{5})(3 + \sqrt{5})$$
$$= 9 + 3\sqrt{5} + 3\sqrt{5} + 5$$
$$= 14 + 6\sqrt{5}$$

20. Simplify the expression: $6\sqrt{8} \cdot 2\sqrt{2}$

1. $12\sqrt{16}$

2. $\sqrt{192}$

3. 24

4. 48

$$= 12\sqrt{16}$$

$$= 12 \cdot 4 = 48$$

21. Simplify the expression: $5\sqrt{r} \cdot \sqrt{rs}$

1. $5r\sqrt{s}$

2. $5\sqrt{r^2s}$

3. $5\sqrt{2rs}$

4. $5rs$

$$= 5\sqrt{r^2s}$$

$$= 5r\sqrt{s}$$

22. Simplify the expression: $3x\sqrt{90x^2} \cdot y\sqrt{2y^2}$

1. $18xy\sqrt{5}$

2. $18xy\sqrt{5xy}$

3. $18x^2y^2\sqrt{5}$

4. $18x^2y^2\sqrt{5}$

$$= 3xy\sqrt{90 \cdot 2x^2y^2}$$

$$= 3xy\sqrt{9 \cdot 10 \cdot 2x^2y^2}$$

$$= 9x^2y^2\sqrt{20}$$

$$= 9x^2y^2\sqrt{4 \cdot 5}$$

$$= 18x^2y^2\sqrt{5}$$

